





DPS TRAINING BULLETIN

LEGAL BULLETIN NO. 203 July 27, 1996

SEARCH OF PERSON IN RESIDENCE DURING EXECUTION OF WARRANT

Reference: James Conroy Betts
v.

State of Alaska

Alaska Court of Appeals
Opinion No. 1476
P.2d
July 12, 1996

FACTS:

Juneau law-enforcement officers were alerted to the possibility of drug trafficking at a trailer in Space 50 at the Sprucewood Trailer Park. The officers based their probable cause on a named informant who had been to the trailer, saw drugs and had been offered an opportunity to purchase drugs from the occupants. This information had been obtained a short time before the officers applied for, and were issued, a warrant to search the trailer and any individuals on the premises for drugs and drug paraphernalia.

When the warrant was executed a short time after it was issued, the officers found several individuals, including Betts, in the trailer. Betts was found to be in possession of a small quantity of cocaine and was charged with misconduct involving a controlled substance in the fourth degree. Betts appealed his conviction, challenging the validity of the search warrant.

ISSUE:

Upon execution of the warrant, was there good reason to believe that individuals in the trailer would have drugs or drug paraphernalia on their persons?

HELD: Yes.

REASONING:

- 1. A warrant authorizing the search of a particularly described premises and "any persons therein" is not per se impermissible.
- 2. The sufficiency of a warrant to search persons identified only by their presence at a specified place should depend upon the facts.

3. So long as there is good reason to suspect or believe that anyone present at the anticipated scene will probably be a participant, presence becomes the descriptive fact satisfying the aim of the Fourth Amendment.

NOTES:

Review of the following cases, in Section M of the <u>Legal Briefs</u> <u>Manual</u>, is recommended:

- Moore v. State, Legal Bulletin No. 163--the warrantless search of a person present in private residence during execution of warrant.
- <u>Ybarra v. Illinois</u>, (no legal bulletin)—search of patron in a public bar.

NOTE TO SUBSCRIBERS TO THE ALASKA LEGAL BRIEFS MANUAL:

Add this case to Section M, "Warrants, Affidavits and Informants," of your Contents and Text. File Legal Bulletin No. 203 numerically under Section R of the manual.